Sutton Beach Pavilion, Redcliffe

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Atherist Allings and Ambrecases Structural Condition Audit Peer Review

for

Moreton Bay Regional Council

Project no. 7366



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1 RELIANCE ON DATA

In preparing this report, BE Collective has relied upon data, surveys, analysis, designs, plans and other information provided by the Client and/or other individuals and organisations. Except as otherwise stated in the report, BE Collective has not verified the accuracy or completeness of this data. To the extent that the statements, opinions, facts, information, conclusions and/or recommendations in the report are based in whole or in part on the data, those conclusions are contingent upon the accuracy and completeness of the data. BE Collective will not be liable in relation to incorrect conclusions should any data, information or condition be incorrect or have been concealed, withheld, misrepresented or otherwise not fully disclosed to BE Collective. Any quantities provided are based on estimates provided or obtained during site investigations.

NO RELIANCE BY THIRD PARTIES

The report should not be regarded as suitable for use by any person or persons other than the Client. A party, other than the Client, may not rely on the report, and therefore BE Collective:

- Owes no duty (whether in contract or in tort or under statute or otherwise) with respect to or in connection with the report or any part thereof;
- Will have no liability for any loss or damage suffered or costs incurred by any party arising out of or in connection with the provision of the report or any part thereof, however the loss or damage is caused, including, but not limited to, as a result of negligence but not as a result of the fraud or dishonesty of BE Collective.

3 SAFETY IN DESIGN

The content of this report does not represent detailed design. Where detailed design works 'follows on' from this report, the designer must comply with Queensland Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011. Where relevant, in undertaking detailed design, a Designer's duties are to:

- Ensure that a structure or work element is designed to be without risks to the health and safety of workers, end users and people in the vicinity;
- Provide a written safety report that identifies the hazards relating to the design so far as the designers are reasonably aware, to
- Make said information available if requested by persons who will use or handle substances, plant or structures at the workplace site for the purposes for which these were designed

The Designer may need to:

- Prepare a written report at each defined stage of the commission to inform the Client of design related hazards that create health and safety risks to persons associated with construction and operation of the facility or work element.
- At contract documentation stage, append a detailed Work Health and Safety Design Review report to the specification for the purpose of informing the Contractor of the particular risks to health and safety identified by the designers of each element of the Works. It may be appropriate for said report should detail how construction and operating risks have been mitigated through design.

For further information refer to:

- https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf_file/0008/58193/safe-design-structurescop-2013.pdf
- https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/system/files/documents/1702/how to manage whs risks.pdf



Revision History

Rev	Date	Comment	Revision by:	Checked by:
A	01/05/20		Personal I	Personal Infi

Personal Information

Reviewed by: Approved by: Approved





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) appointed Built Environment Collective Pty Ltd (BEC) to provide a structural condition audit peer review of the Suttons Beach Pavilion, Redcliffe. The site was inspected by BEC's Personal Information in the presence of From Sensus Building Group.

This report documents a peer review of the FSA Consulting Engineers Structural Condition Audit for Pavilion 1 and the link structure. The defects as noted in the FSA Consulting Engineering Structural Condition Audit have been reviewed and sighted, with associated implications of remedial works assessed.

BEC findings of note:

- 1. Defect D1 Concrete spalling: Whilst it would be likely that the concrete slab is nearing the end of its design life the majority of the slab showed limited signs of spalling. BEC concurs that further non-destructive and destructive testing will be necessary to confirm remaining design life prior to major intervention;
- 2. Defect D2 Cracking in rear wall: This defect was sighted, with additional cracking noted at the engaged pier to slab interface;
- 3. Defect D4 Spalling concrete: It was noted that these elements were foam instead of concrete as identified by FSA and should be called up as defect D19. BEC recommends removal of these elements;
- 4. Defect D5 Timber wall framing: Further termite investigation & treatment is recommended to ensure no further termite damage is present throughout the structural elements;
- 5. Defect D6 Ceiling Failure: This area was unable to be investigated due to recent repairs. With reference to photos provided we concur that the defect was present;
- 6. Defect D11 Western wall/Link structure water proofing: BEC agrees with the defects noted. The original wall is in poor condition and remediation is problematic due to access. The existing drainage pit surface level is above the top of the wall and is thus too high. The addition of a new wall is envisaged to be difficult, and costly, due to access and necessary earthworks. BEC proposes a further consideration of Option 1 (injected chemical barrier) as a lower cost solution to reduce water ingress, along with the proposed improvements to the site stormwater drainage along the western side of the site.



1 INTRODUCTION

Moreton Bay Regional Council (MBRC) appointed Built Environment Collective Pty Ltd (BEC) in March 2020 to provide a structural condition audit peer review of the Suttons Beach Pavilion, Redcliffe. The site was inspected on 25th March 2020 by BEC's Schedule 4/4 Green Personal In the presence of from Sensus Building Group.

This report documents a peer review of the FSA Consulting Engineers (FSACE) *Structural Condition Audit* as provided to BEC on 12th March 2020. The scope of review as instructed was of Pavilion 1 and the link structure only. Refer to Figure 1 below for faculty building identification.

The Suttons Beach Pavilion is an historic building, with Pavilion 1 commissioned in 1937 by the Redcliffe Town Council. The building has had significant alterations and additions during its life.

Pavilion 2 is understood to have been built in 2000, after a major redevelopment of the site. It is understood that a plant room/services building was also added to upper level at the rear of the Pavilion 1 during the redevelopment in 2000. In 2007 further major redevelopment was undertaken, with additional structures added to either side of the original entrance to Pavilion 1, including new level 1 verandas, increased enclosed ground floor area, and major renovations to the interior.



Figure 1: Facility Structure Identification (reproduced from FSACE report: FS1499RL-SER01 Rev 1)



2 SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS & DEFECTS FROM FSACE

BEC was provided with the Structural Condition Audit (FS1499FL-SER01) produced by FSA Consulting Engineers (FSACE) dated 28th February 2020. It is noted that defects were categorised using identification codes D1 to D22 (refer Section 6 of the FSACE Report). A summary of the key defects identified by the FSACE report across numerous inspections is provided following:

- Section 4.1: 12 February 2020 Pavilion 1 General Defects:
 - Spalling on slab soffit;
 - Exposed reinforcing bars;
 - Wall cracking;
 - Water damage to walls;
 - Corrosion of steel handrails/frames;
 - Foam awning degradation.
- Section 4.2: 05 February 2020 Drainage Void Area (rear of Pavilion 1):
 - Insufficient waterproofing to retaining wall;
 - Corrosion of exposed bars;
 - Timber deck support post compromised;
 - Undermining of original concrete;
 - Water ingress to internal room, box gutter over and retaining wall waterproofing failure.
- Section 4.3: 30 January 2020 Pavilion 1 Southwest Corner (PWD):
 - Severe concrete spalling;
 - Severe corrosion of exposed reinforcing.
- Section 4.4: 08 November 2017 Primary Maintenance works:
 - Compromised structural integrity of roof members due to failed roof sheeting, leading to water ingress;
 - Water damage to eastern wall framing;
 - Water damage to western timber wall framing;
 - Potential structural defects on first floor slab around original services lift/dumb waiter void;
 - Potential structural defects around first floor slab construction joint in upper amenities.
- Section 4.5: July/August 2016 Defects to Ground Floor Kitchen:
 - Significant water ingress through western wall.

Other assessment and reporting (FSACE report Appendices F to I):

- 2012: Façade engineering assessment (Consulting (Section 5.1, Appendix F)):
 - Water penetration through façade cracks;
 - Water penetration through eastern façade, wind frames and balconies;
 - Corroded roof elements;
 - Water penetration through level 1 slab under amenities;
 - Deteriorated foam awnings.
- 2012 and 2017: Quantity Surveyors Reports, Proactive Quantity Surveyors (Section 5.2, Appendix G):
 - Water leaks through western wall;
 - Water leaks around stud framing/windows on eastern wall;
 - Water leaks around roof penetrations;
 - Foam awning defects.



- 2007 and 2017: Geotechnical Assessment Reports (Section 5.3, Appendix H):
 - Morrison Geotechnic;
 - Apod Soil Testing;
 - No defects identified.
- 2018 Heritage Assessment, Converge Heritage + Community (Section 5.4, Appendix I):
 - o Identifies heritage rating/significance hierarchy of elements.

3 STRUCTURAL AUDIT PEER REVIEW SUMMARY

For the majority, BEC agrees with the defects identified and outlined in the reporting provided by FSACE. Refer to the BEC's full table of response in Appendix A of this report for a more detailed breakdown of each identified key defect. Refer to Appendix B for BEC sighted defect locations, along with Appendix C for BEC site investigation photos.

Table 1: Peer Review Summary below is a summary of the defect items where BEC has identified either a discrepancy or divergence of opinion.

Table 1: Peer Review Summary

Location	Defect Noted	Implications of	BEC Comment
		remedial works	
G1 – G5: Ground Floor	Defect D1 C5 Spalling concrete to soffit of Level 1 slab, evidence of past repairs, evidence of corroded reinforcement in local patches.	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to slab for full inspection and repair.	Concrete slab likely at end of design life. Further spalling expected unless remediated. Further non-destructive (half-cell potential) and destructive testing (concrete core and carbonation) will be necessary to map the full extent of corrosion and remaining life of slab prior to major intervention. A potential remediation option may be to strip back deleterious material and application of a new protective membrane.
G7: Ground Floor Grid E-F	Defect D2 C5 Cracking in rear wall infill (or previous repair) section.	Removal of all finishes, framing and fit out to allow access for repair.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect & proposed repair recommendation. Additional cracking was sighted about the top of the engaged pier at the slab interface (IMG_8534).
G9: Ground Floor Grid E	Defect D4 C6 Spalling concrete	Exclusion zone beneath affected area; remove spalling to mitigate the risk of spalling concrete dropping and resulting in injury; undertake concrete repair works.	BEC considers this element to be part of the foam awning. To be removed and/or replaced. (refer IMG_8555).
G9: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D4 C6 Spalling concrete	Exclusion zone beneath affected area; remove spalling to mitigate the risk of spalling concrete dropping and resulting in injury; undertake concrete repair works.	BEC considers this element to be part of the foam awning. To be removed and/or replaced. (refer IMG_8555).
G10: Ground Floor Grid A-B	Defect D5 Water damage along full extent of western wall resulting in severe dry rot of	Complete removal of kitchen fit out and all framing members. Resolution of water ingress	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect & proposed repair recommendation. BEC additionally recommends additional termite inspections/



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	timber. Evidence of termite damage.	through western wall is problematic.	monitoring throughout the building to ensure no further termite damage present.
G11: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D6 Ceiling failure due to weight of services cables.	Removal of existing ceiling sheeting & installation of new system to support required cables.	Ceiling appears to be patched in this area and is not able to be sighted. BEC agrees with the defect based on photos provided in the report. Repairs may have already been conducted.
G12: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D7: Condensation on existing refrigeration lines that is likely resulting in water ingress to structural members and finishes.	Removal of existing ceiling to enable make-good works to refrigeration lines.	Incorrect photo provided by FSACE. Sited refrigerant lines resulting in water ingress. (IMG_8523) in agreeance with defect.
Level 1 rear of 'link structure' – drainage void (from rear boardwalk)	Defect D11 Location of block wall that does not appear to be waterproofed is resulting in water ingress to Ground Level.	Safe access to undertake repairs is not possible due to the narrow access between the original western wall and newer block wall. Repairs would require construction of a second retaining wall to the west.	BEC agrees with the defect identified & notes the added impact of the leaking box gutter over. Corrosion of exposed original wall reinforcement sighted. Original wall is in poor condition and is problematic to remediate.
Level 1 rear of 'link structure' – drainage void (from rear boardwalk)	Defect D11 Location of block wall that does not appear to be waterproofed. Corrosion of exposed reinforcement to the original wall.	Safe access to undertake repairs is not possible due to the narrow access between the original western wall and newer block wall. Repairs would require construction of a second retaining wall to the west.	BEC concurs that the drainage pit surface level is too high to collect water, likely due to erosion and settlement. BEC also concurs with the identified access limitations preventing application of a new waterproofing layer/membrane. BEC considers there is a potential to revisit Option 1 (inject chemical barrier) as a lower cost solution to significantly reduce the water ingress. Whilst Option 2 (internal drainage/water proof barrier) would provide reduced water ingress, it would not protect the block wall from water ingress & further degradation. Option 3 (installation of the new wall) will be problematic and costly due to access constraints. The proposed improvements to the stormwater drainage about the western side of the site will aid in reducing surface stormwater flowing down the hill into the drainage void.



APPENDIX A: COMPLETE DEFECT REVIEW TABLES

Table 2: Engineering Inspection 12 February 2020 – Pavilion 1 (FSACE Report Section 4.1)

Location	Defect Noted	Implications of remedial works	BEC Comment
G1: Ground Floor Grid F-G	Defect D1 C5 Spalling concrete to soffit of Level 1 slab; evidence of past repairs; evidence of corroded reinforcement in local patches.	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to slab for full inspection and repair.	Concrete slab likely at the end of design life. Expected further spalling to occur unless major intervention. Further non-destructive (half-cell potential) and destructive testing (concrete core and carbonation) will be necessary to map the extent of corrosion.
G2: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D1 C5 Spalling concrete to soffit of Level 1 slab; evidence of past repairs; evidence of corroded reinforcement in local patches.	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to slab for full inspection and repair.	BEC sighted & agrees with defect (refer above).
G3: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D1 C5 Spalling concrete to soffit of Level 1 slab; evidence of past repairs; evidence of corroded reinforcement in local patches.	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to slab for full inspection and repair.	BEC sighted & agrees with defect (refer above).
G4: Ground Floor Grid B-C	Defect D1 C5 Spalling concrete to soffit of Level 1 slab; evidence of past repairs; evidence of corroded reinforcement in local patches.	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to slab for full inspection and repair.	BEC sighted & agrees with defect (refer above).
G5: Ground Floor Grid B	Defect D1 C5 Spalling concrete to soffit of Level 1 slab; evidence of past repairs; evidence of corroded reinforcement in local patches.	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to slab for full inspection and repair.	BEC sighted & agrees with defect (refer above).
G6: Ground Floor Grid H	Defect D2 Exposed corroded reinforcement.	Access to area challenging due to new structures.	Corroded bars sighted. BEC agrees that access is problematic. It is likely necessary to remove roof/gutter over to facilitate future inspection.
G7: Ground Floor Grid E-F	Defect D2 C5 Cracking in rear wall infill (or previous repair) section.	Removal of all finishes, framing and fit out to allow access for repair.	BEC sighted & agrees with defect & repair recommendation. Additionally, cracking was identified about the top of the engaged pier and slab (IMG_8534).
G8: Ground Floor Grid B-C	Defect D3 Connection supplementary floor beam to wall appeared unfit for purpose. Minor	Removal of all finishes, framing and services to enable access to connection for design and installation of upgraded connection	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect & proposed repair recommendation.

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	corrosion (S2) to unprotected steelwork.		
G9: Ground Floor Grid E	Defect D4 C6 Spalling concrete	Exclusion zone beneath affected area; remove spalling to mitigate the risk of spalling concrete dropping and resulting in injury; undertake concrete repair works.	BEC considers this element to be part of the foam awning. To be removed and/or replaced. (refer IMG_8555).
G9: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D4 C6 Spalling concrete	Exclusion zone beneath affected area; remove spalling to mitigate the risk of spalling concrete dropping and resulting in injury; undertake concrete repair works.	BEC considers this element to be part of the foam awning. To be removed and/or replaced. (refer IMG_8555).
G10: Ground Floor Grid A-B	Defect D5 Water damage along full extent of western wall resulting in severe dry rot of timber. Evidence of termite damage.	Complete removal of kitchen fit out and all framing members. Resolution of water ingress through western wall is problematic.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect & proposed repair recommendation.
G10: Ground Floor Grid A-B	Defect D5 Water damage along full extent of western wall resulting in severe dry rot of timber. Evidence of termite damage.	Complete removal of kitchen fit out and all framing members. Resolution of water ingress through western wall is problematic.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect & proposed repair recommendation. Additional termite inspections / monitoring recommended.
G11: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D6 Ceiling failure due to weight of services cables.	Removal of existing ceiling sheeting & installation of new system to support required cables.	Unable to inspect. Ceiling appears to be patched in this area; repairs may have already been conducted.
G12: Ground Floor Grid D-E	Defect D7 Noted condensation on existing refrigeration lines that is likely resulting in water ingress to structural members and finishes.	Removal of existing ceiling to enable make-good works to refrigeration lines.	Note - Incorrect photo provided by FSACE. Sited refrigerant lines resulting in water ingress. (refer IMG_8523)
F1: Level 1 Grid A	Defect D8 C5 cracking in reinforced concrete stair wall in southern access stairs.	Access available for repairs.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F2: Level 1 Grid A	Defect D8 C5 cracking in reinforced concrete stair wall in southern access stairs.	Access available for repairs.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F3: Level 1 Grid H	Defect D9 Failure of external lining water ingress into frame is likely.	Access up to external area of Level 1: strip linings and undertake repair works as required.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F4: Level 1 Grid B	Defect D10 Water damage to full extent (assumed) of upper level wall framing – image adjacent shows repaired framing installation. This is resulting in the bottom plate & lower portion of the studs suffering initial,	To undertake repairs to achieve a current best practice outcome, the full removal of all external cladding would be required. Repair works & framing repairs are also required (assumed as minimum to all bottom plate and a majority of studs). Install external wall membrane &	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.

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	too severe dry rot of timber.	windows, and a new external cladding system. Additionally, it is further recommended that internal wall lining repairs are conducted as necessary.	
F5: Level 1 Grid D	Defect D10 Water damage to full extent (assumed) of upper level wall framing. This is resulting in the bottom plate & lower portion of the studs suffering initial, too severe dry rot of timber.	As above.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F6: Level 1 Grid D	Defect D10 Water damage to full extent (assumed) of upper level wall framing. This is resulting in the bottom plate & lower portion of the studs suffering initial, too severe dry rot of timber.	As above.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F7: Level 1 Grid E-F	Defect D10 Water damage to full extent (assumed) of upper level wall framing. This is resulting in the bottom plate & lower portion of the studs suffering initial, too severe dry rot of timber.	As above.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F8: Level 1 Grid H	Defect D10 Water damage to full extent (assumed) of upper level wall framing. This is resulting in the bottom plate & lower portion of studs suffering initial, too severe dry rot of timber. The studs, bottom plate, and tie down have failed.	As above.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F9: Level 1 Grid E	Defect D10 Water damage resulting in severe dry rot of timber; failed brick/timber interface.	As above.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F10: Level 1 Grid D	Defect D11 Severe corrosion S5 to handrail and bolted connection.	Remove existing fixings, including any corroded fixings prior to replacement. Access to Level 1 area.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
F10: Level 1 Grid D	Defect D11 Severe corrosion S5 to handrail and bolted connection.	Remove existing fixings, including any corroded fixings prior to replacement. Access to Level 1 area.	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect identification & proposed repair recommendation.
Awning Level 1	Defect D19 Foam awnings (fiberglass lined) are degraded. Delaminating may contribute to water ingress to structural frame.	Removal and/or repair all foam awnings.	All rendered foam awnings appear to be degraded/delaminating. Recommend to remove and replace all.



Table 3: Engineering Inspection 05 February 2020 - Drainage Void area (FSACE Report section 4.2)

Location	Defect Noted	Implications of remedial works	BEC Comment
Level 1 rear of 'link structure' – drainage void (from rear boardwalk)	Defect D11 Location of block wall that does not appear to be waterproofed resulting in water ingress to Ground Level.	Safe access to undertake repairs is not possible due to the narrow access between the original western wall and newer block wall. Repairs would require construction of a second retaining wall to the west.	BEC agrees with the defect identified & notes the added impact of the leaking box gutter over. Corrosion of exposed original wall reinforcement sighted. Original wall in poor condition, and remediation is considered problematic.
Level 1 rear of 'link structure' – drainage void (from rear boardwalk)	Defect D11 Location of block wall that does not appear to be waterproofed. Corrosion of exposed reinforcement to original wall.	Safe access to undertake repairs is not possible due to the narrow access between the original western wall and newer block wall. Repairs would require construction of a second retaining wall to the west.	BEC agrees that the drainage pit surface level is too high to collect water, likely due to erosion and settlement. BEC also agrees with restrictions on access preventing application of a new waterproofing layer/membrane.
		PELLASES	BEC considers there is a potential to revisit Option 1 (inject chemical barrier) as a lower cost solution to significantly reduce the water ingress. Whilst Option 2 (internal drainage/water proof barrier) would provide reduced water ingress, it would not protect the block wall from water ingress & further degradation. Option 3 (installation of the new wall) will be problematic and costly due to access constraints.
			The proposed improvements to the stormwater drainage about the western side of the site will aid in reducing surface stormwater flowing down the hill into the drainage void.
Rear of 'link structure' – drainage void	Defect D12 Failed structural support of electrical cable tray.	Access via under boardwalk.	Sighted temporary strap/fix. Propose fixing the cable tray directly to the board walk structure
Rear of 'link structure' – drainage void	Defect D14 Local support of bearer has been compromised.	Removal of boardwalk.	New post required to support board walk beam.
Rear of 'link structure' – drainage void	Defect D11 Corrosion of reinforcement in original structure.	Safe access is impossible to achieve due to the narrow gap between the original western wall and newer block wall	It appears that a section of the old wall has retaining wall spalled/eroded, exposing reinforcing bars. Access may be achievable via underside of boardwalk.
Rear of 'link structure' – drainage void	Defect D13 Undermining of original concrete approximately 1.5m above drainage void floor level.	Removal of boardwalk and demolition of remaining pathway. It is likely that better stability or retaining works is necessary.	Undermining sighted. Demolition of boardwalk required to facilitate remediation.

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Ground Level	Defect D11	Repairs to internal wall linings	Significant evidence of water ingress.
link structure -	Water ingress is evident.	will require waterproofing to	Appears to be from both box gutter
Internal rear		both box gutter and external	over, and the western wall.
wall		wall.	Box gutter over had ponding/standing
			water directly above area in question.

Table 4: Engineering Inspection 30 January 2020 – Pavilion 1 south west corner (PWD (FSACE Report section 4.3)

Location	Defect Noted	Implications of remedial works	BEC Comment
Ground Level	Defect D15	Removal of internal fittings and	BEC sighted significant degradation of
Southern	C6 concrete spalling and	fixtures; temporary propping.	reinforced concrete beam. Temporary
corner	corroded reinforcement of		propping deemed adequate. Further
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	original beam.		permanent remediation required.
Ground Level	Defect D15	Removal of internal fittings and	BEC sighted spalling and exposed
Southern	C6 concrete spalling and	fixtures; temporary propping.	corroding reinforcement. Temporary
corner	corroded reinforcement or		propping deemed adequate. Further
	Level 1 slab soffit.		permanent remediation required.

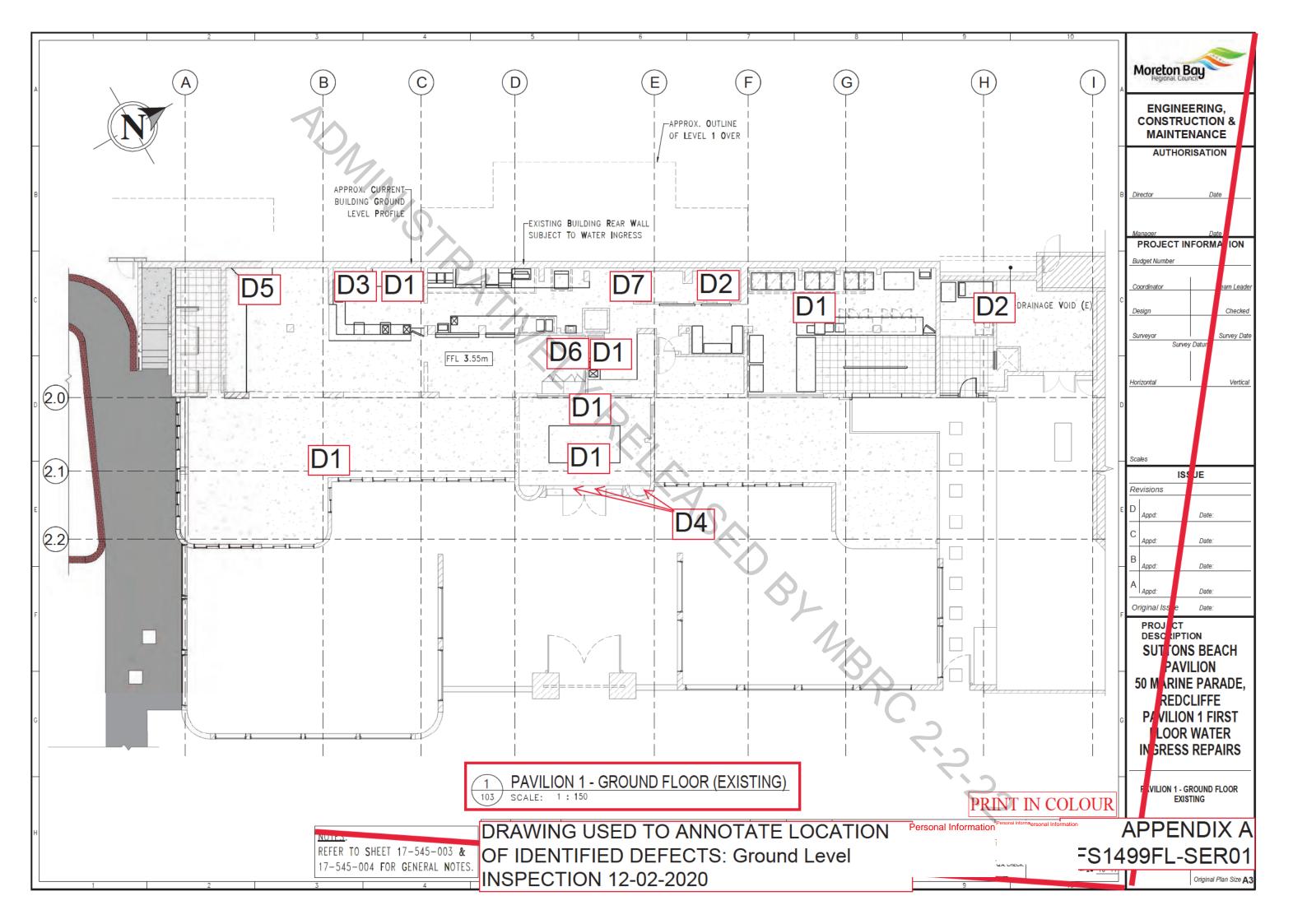
Table 5: Additional Defects from Wider Consultant Team (FSACE Report Section 5)

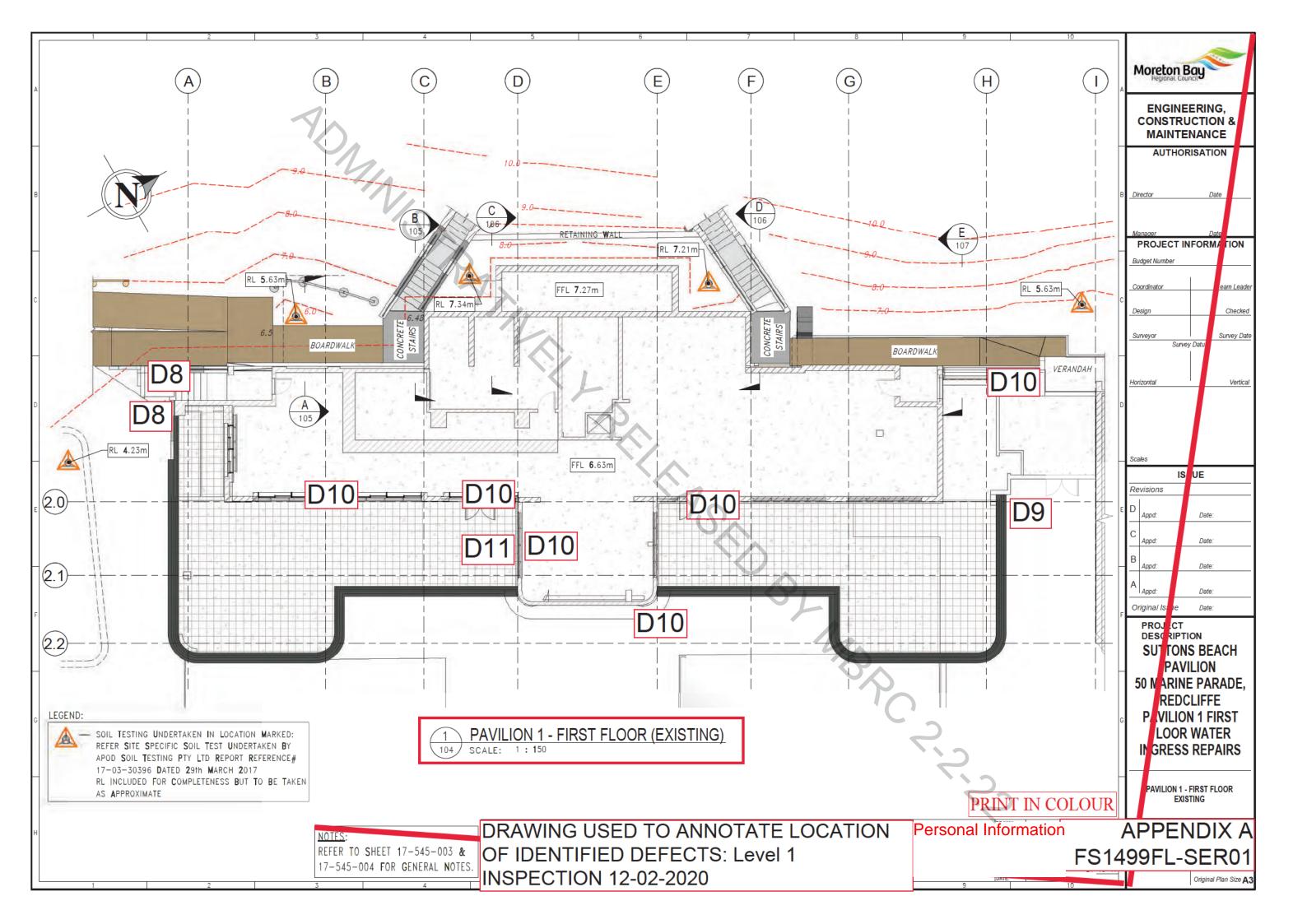
Defect Noted	Defect ID (FSACE report Section 6)	BEC Comment
Water penetration through façade cracks	D8	BEC sighted. In agreeance with defect
Water penetration through eastern façade, wind frames	D10	identification & proposed repair
and balconies	Dia	recommendation.
Corroded roof elements	D16	
Water penetration through level 1 slab under amenities	D18	
Deteriorated foam awnings	D19	
Water leaks through western wall Water leaks around roof penetrations	D11 D16	
		A MORC 222



APPENDIX B: DEFECT LOCATION MARKUP

ADMINISTRATINE! Y REILEASED BY MARC 2222







APPENDIX C: SITE INSPECTION PHOTOS

ADMINISTRATINE! Y REILEASED BY MARC 2222





Figure 3: IMG_8587

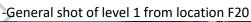




Figure 4: IMG_8600

Level 1 Balcony – general tile cracking



Figure 5: IMG_8601

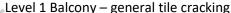




Figure 6: IMG_8610

Roof foam awning general degredation



Polynos,

Figure 7: IMG_8611



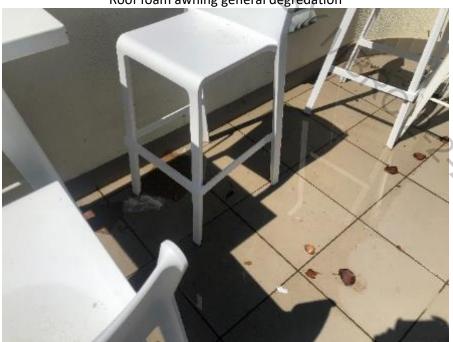


Figure 8: IMG_8613

Level 1 balcony water ponding



Figure 9: IMG_8630

General roof condition



Figure 10: IMG_8633

General Roof

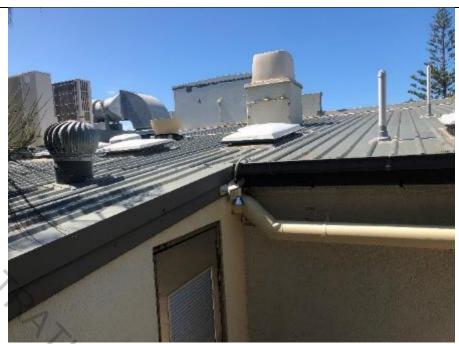


Figure 11: IMG_8634

General roof sheeting



Figure 12: IMG_8635

Visible corrosion/deformation of roof sheeting



Figure 13: IMG_8636

General roof



Figure 14: IMG_8645

General foam awning degredation



Figure 15: IMG_8646

General foam awning degredation



Figure 16: IMG_8647

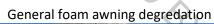








Figure 19: IMG_8653



Figure 20: IMG_8654

General Eastern Façade



Figure 21: IMG_8655

General Eastern Façade



Figure 22: IMG_8656

General Eastern Façade







Figure 25: IMG_8541



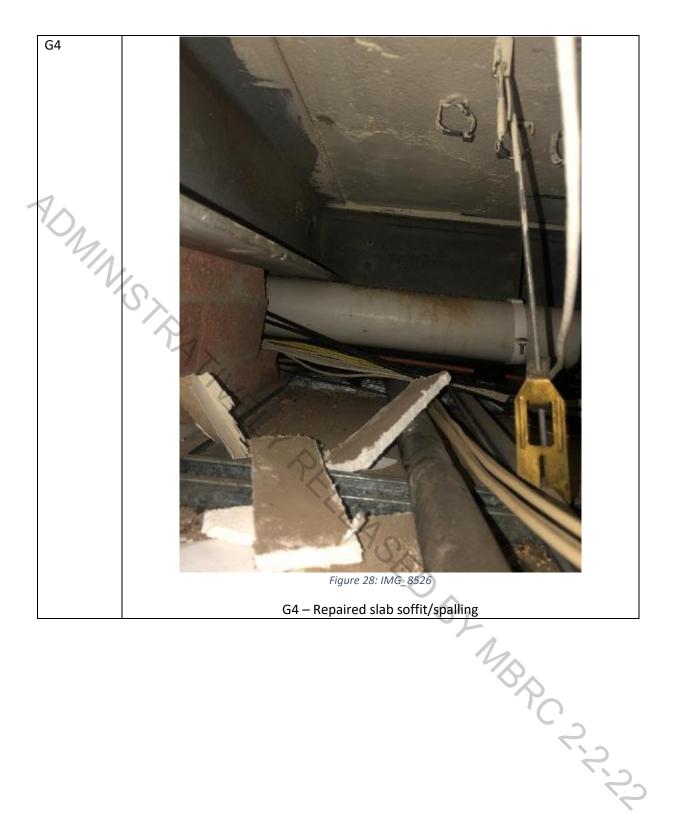


Figure 26: IMG_8542

G11 /G2 – Ceiling slab soffit



G3 – underside construction joint – past repairs





G5 – Block Column – no sighted defect







Figure 32: IMG_8545

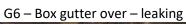




Figure 33: IMG_8546

G6 – Box gutter over – leaking





Figure 35: IMG_8548

G6 – Box gutter over and western wall leaking



connection/ brick wall infill/cracking



Figure 37: IMG_8534

G7 –brick wall column cracking



Figure 38: IMG_8535

G7 –slab soffit – no defects sighted





ervice over



G8 – Beam Corrosion

ST WORC SERVICE



Figure 42: IMG_8525

G8 – Beam Corrosion

+ MBRC 222



G8 – Beam Corrosion at connection

on and the second secon





-MBRC 2222 G9 – Water damage to awning



G9 – Water damage to awning



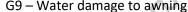








Figure 50: IMG_8557

G9 – Water damage to awning



G10 – Wall water damage



Figure 52: IMG_8515











Figure 59: IMG_8496

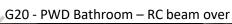




Figure 60: IMG_8497

G20 - PWD Bathroom – RC beam over

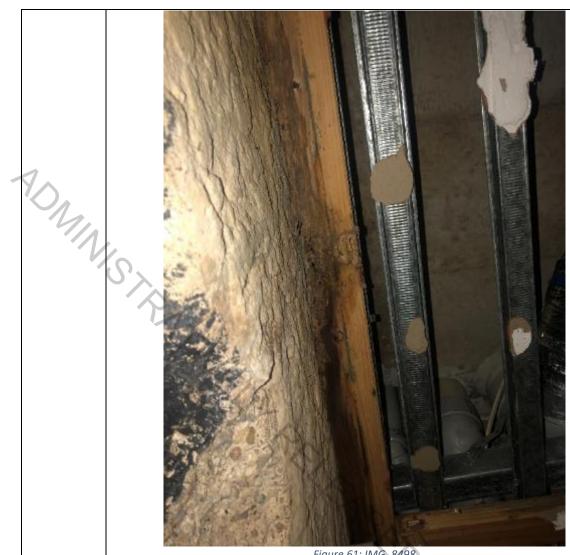


Figure 61: IMG_8498

G20 - PWD Bathroom – RC beam over



G20 - PWD Bathroom



G20 - PWD Bathroom – RC beam over

ver



Figure 64: IMG_8501







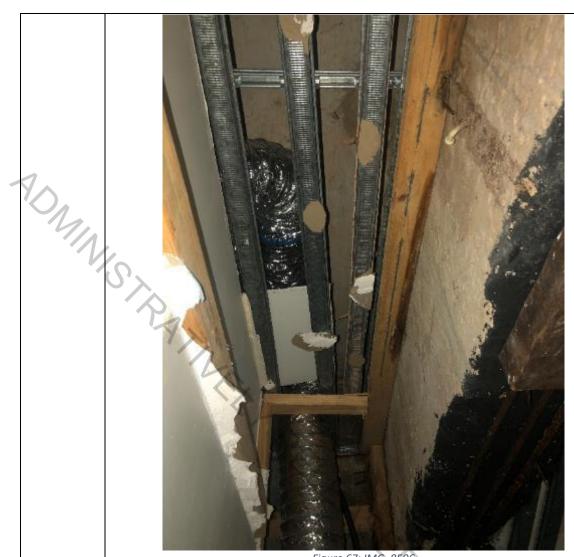


Figure 67: IMG_8506

G20 – PWD

Thores are



Figure 68: IMG_8507

G20 – PWD

St MBRC 222



G20 – PWD



G20 – PWD



G20 – PWD





g water damage



G31 – Stormwater discharge to ground – minor corrosion of water pipe fixings



Figure 75: IMG_8644

By More Carlo G31 – minor joint cracking



F1 & F2 – Stair cracking



F1 & F2 – Stair cracking





F4 – External wall water damage –Tiles recently sealed inti,





F5 – External wall water damage –Tiles damaged



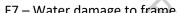


Figure 85: IMG_8578

F7 – Water damage to frame



Figure 86: IMG_8579







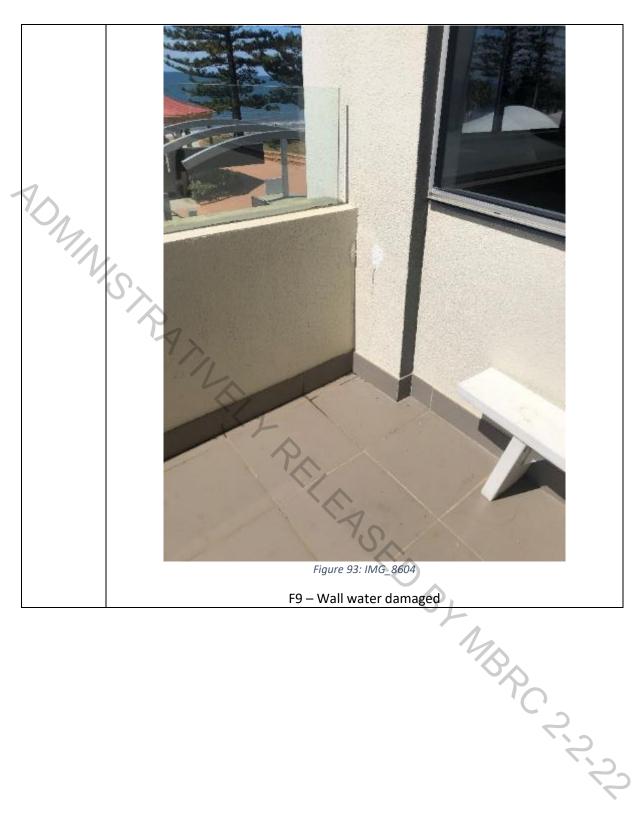








F9 – Distant wall water damaged – ponding on tiles



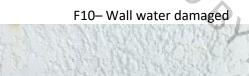
F9 – Wall water damaged





F10– Wall water damaged











- Steel frame awning – level 1 entrance







F20 – General tie of balustrade to pavilion 2, minor corrosion spots on column



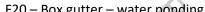




Figure 104: IMG_8590

F20 – General pavilion 2, minor corrosion spots on wall and screen fixings



Figure 105: IMG_8591

F20 – Level 1 wall and lower roof



Figure 106: IMG_8592

F20 – Level 1 wall and lower roof



F20 – Level 1 wall and lower roof





F21 – Rear drainage channel



Figure 110: IMG_8585





Figure 111: IMG_8620

F21 – Added drainage sump/pump. No water proofing to block wall. Undermining old structure



Figure 112: IMG_8622

F21- Cable try and deck support temporary propped/strapped



Figure 113: IMG_8637

F30 – under boardwalk – okay

F30



Figure 114: IMG_8641

F30 – under boardwalk visible water proofing



Figure 115: IMG_8642

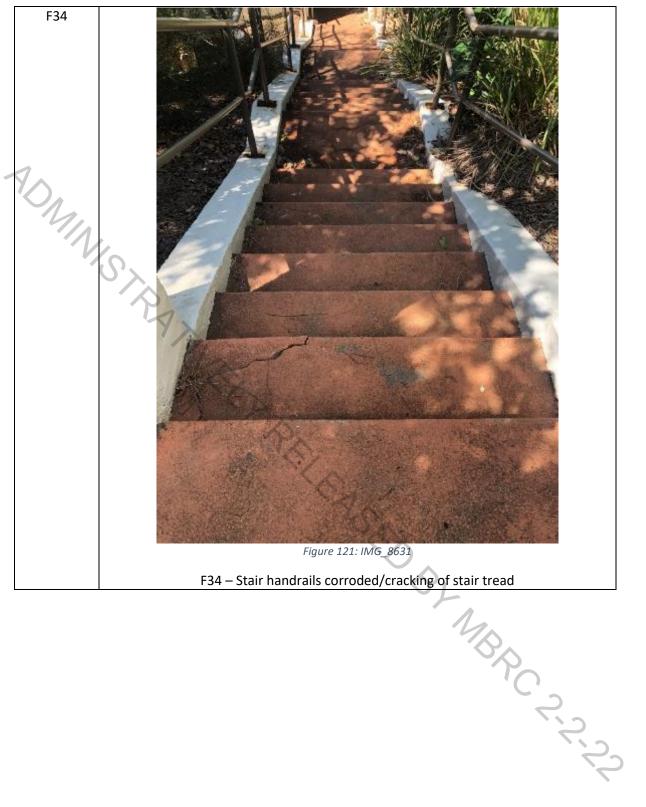
F30 – under boardwalk visible water proofing











F34 – Stair handrails corroded/cracking of stair tread

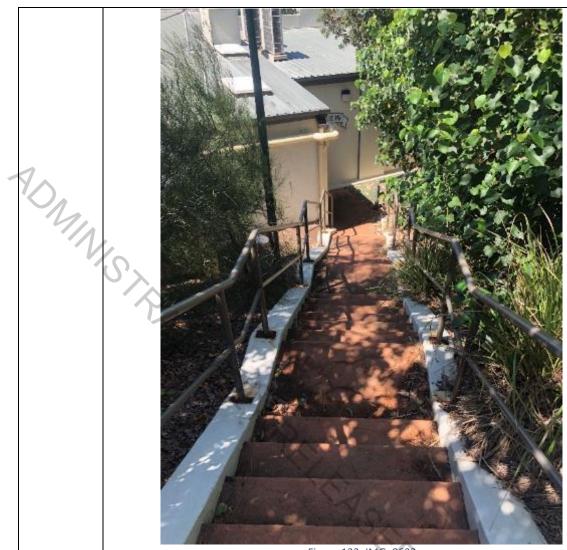


Figure 122: IMG_8632

F34 – Stair handrails corroded/cracking of stair